

EDEN

Resolutions—H. W. Shattuck
As adopted by Mt. Norris Lodge, No. 69, F. & A. M., on the death of our brother, H. W. Shattuck.

WHEREAS—It has pleased the Supreme Ruler of the universe in His infinite wisdom and goodness to again alarm our outer door and remove from among us our brother, H. W. Shattuck, we bow in humble submission to him, who doeth all things well. Therefore be it

RESOLVED—That this lodge mourn the loss of our deceased brother, who has ever been faithful to his duties as a Mason, and a member of Mt. Norris Lodge, No. 69, F. & A. M.

RESOLVED—That our altar be properly draped for a period of three months in memory of our departed brother.

RESOLVED—That these resolutions be spread upon the records of this lodge, that a copy thereof be sent to the bereaved family, and one to the News & Citizen for publication.

E. A. STONE
A. B. O'BRIEN
G. E. HARRINGTON } Committee

The man who connects with the idea that the time is at hand to put more elbow grease, enthusiasm and fidelity into his work is the man who will win. There are a good many people who would be wise to turn the face of the clock to the wall and pay attention to business.

Several thousand fools are going to divide a half a million dollars between two ruffians, just to see them pummel each other for a few minutes, says Houston Post. And the two roughnecks will be the most respectable part of the show.

A professor of English says he has found out after 30 years that beauty and not brains is the ideal of the majority of modern women. How apparent it becomes at once that he is a professor of English and not of history.

The United States Supreme court has decided that a man's home is wherever he says it is, no matter if it is a warehouse. It isn't a far-reaching decision because it has not been the good fortune of many to succeed in getting into even a warehouse.

Looking into a mirror in his store, a Chicago jeweler was just in time to see a thug behind his back, aiming a blow at his skull with a heavy sledge. This man can do a lot of looking into the mirror in the future without the risk of being called vain.

A Toronto man has sung bass in a church choir for 68 years, but that isn't his real distinction. His voice is believed to be the only thing that didn't go higher on account of the war.

The London, England, Star remarks that the United States intends to let the rest of the world sink or swim as it may. If the rest of the world does not know how to swim by this time it is certainly old enough to learn.

Royalists planned to have ex-Emperor Charles enter Budapest by means of an airplane and seize the Hungarian throne, but Charles frowned on the idea. Experience has taught him the dangers of aviation.

A hasty inquiry reveals the fact that the United States is about in the same place it used to be and going along without much change, even though the women did vote.

An effort is to be made to have the rules of interstate commerce made applicable to baseball. But the crooks seem to have been trying to make interstate commerce out of it already.

The last Mexican bandit has gone out of business, which is more than can be said regarding American bootleggers.

Doan's Regulets are recommended by many who say they operate easily, without griping and without bad after effects. 30c at all drug stores.—adv't.

DISTINCTIVE Printing

Printing that will attract attention and put your advertising in a class by itself—printing that contains originality in conception and excellence in its execution—this quality of originality and individuality characterizes all the printed work we turn out.

"LION" AT LITERARY FEAST

How Great Historian of Civilization Squelched the Jackals Who Had Imagined Him Discomfited.

Lynph Stanley was an Englishman of whom Lowell said that he "knew three times as many facts as any young man whatever had any business to know."

He had but one rival in that line: Palgrave, who compiled the "Golden Treasury." Much interest sprang up among their friends when the two went off on a trip together.

"It's an even chance which will return alive," said one man, solemnly. When they did come back, Palgrave was pale, emaciated, silent; but Stanley, it seemed, was unmoved and more all-knowing than ever.

One night, Buckle, the author of "The History of Civilization," was laying down the law on every subject with a magnificent pomposity that made the table quake. At last he put forth some statement about the burning of a witch, and set the date a century out of the way. Stanley, who was present, had borne some preceding inaccuracies very well, with only a slight shaking of the head and a reddening of the face.

Suddenly his self-control gave way, and he leaped to his feet. He extended his hand, and piped forth, in a vigorous treble:

"I beg your pardon, but the last witch was burned at such-and-such a place, in such-and-such a year, in such-and-such a manner. And her name was so-and-so, and you will find all about it in a book to which I can easily refer you, and about which you evidently don't know."

Torrents of imprisoned knowledge were thereupon poured on Buckle's head, and the historian of civilization sat wrathful, extinguished, mute. But a little later he had his revenge. Some one mentioned a new dictionary as a good one.

"It is," said Buckle with solemnity. "It is one of the few dictionaries I have read through with pleasure."

The intimation that he had read any dictionary through with pleasure so astonished the guests that they forgot his past discomfiture in new awe.

Noises Made by Elephants.

The elephant uses both his trunk and his lungs in calling, and he has a large variety of sounds and combinations of sound with which to express himself, writes Charles Mayer in Asia Magazine. When rushing an enemy he trumpets shrilly, when enraged by wounds he grumbles hoarsely from his throat; he expresses fear by a shrill, brassy trumpet and a roar; and pleasure by a continued low squeaking through his trunk.

When apprehensive of danger or when attempting to intimidate an enemy, he raps the end of his trunk smartly on the ground and trumpets. The peculiar noise sounds like that produced by the rolling up of a sheet of tin.

In a moment of danger, the elephant coils his trunk to protect it from injury. When he is engaged in heavy work, such as piling lumber, he may use his trunk to balance the load he is carrying on his tusks, but never to bear part of the burden. If an unharmed elephant must pull a rope, he holds it in his mouth, taking good care to keep his trunk out of the way.

Beetle Hurts Pulp Industry.

A gray-green beetle has much to do with the present shortage of paper. The beetle is the adult form of the aspen borer, a grub which often destroys whole plantations of the trees that are so essential to the pulp industry.

The beetle gnaws a slot in the bark and deposits one or two eggs therein. From these eggs come the trouble-making grubs that gnaw into the heart and sapwood and so riddle the tree that the first strong wind snaps the weakened timber.

Poplar and aspen—both fast growing trees, and for this reason very valuable to manufacturers—are the objects of this borer's attacks. The imported Lombardy poplar and the commercial cottonwood of the Mississippi valley are very seldom injured, but all other native varieties are damaged by the grub.

In some areas, where poplar and aspen predominate, the standing dead, fallen and dying trees exceed 50 per cent of the total stand.

Supply of Ostrich Feathers.

In 1914 there were 1,500,000 ostriches in South Africa. These are now reduced to 300,000. Germany and Austria are still out of the market for feathers. England is taking a few and they are too costly for France. The ostrich feather business of the world is now in the hands of about six men, with headquarters in London. They hold from \$9,000,000 to \$10,000,000 worth of ostrich feathers, in normal times the world's supply for a year. The United States being practically the only market for the feathers, this country has the say as to the price, and is giving from \$60 to \$100 a pound, when in an active market they should bring from \$100 to \$200.

Frenzied Finance.

Roberts—What's the matter? Finance bothering you?
Richards—Yes, I owe Rogers \$5, and today I've got it, and he knows I've got it, and he knows I know he knows I've got it.—American Legion Weekly.

Necessarily Thus.

"And Jones, you tell me you believe in love?"
"Of course; certainly."
"At first sight?"
"Naturally. D'you think anything like that'd follow a second look?"

PAID DEAR FOR CIVILIZATION

Writer Asserts White Races Made Bad Bargain in Exchanging Reality for the Artificial.

When the later voyagers of Europe came to the uncharted spaces of these warm South Pacific seas they found in the Polynesian group a culture which was beyond the understanding of most of them, and which only a few fine souls glimpsed as an astounding revelation of the natural development of humanity, and, by contrast, of the depravity of civilization.

They found health and high spirits abounding to a degree utterly strange to them, the hardest and most adventurous of their white kind. Murder, mutiny, shipwreck, and desertion wrote red their reactions to the entrancing liberty of thought and action they found here, and the contrast with their rude, ugly restricted lives in Europe, America, or on their ships.

If you would be ashamed of what the pursuit of profits and proselytism, hand in hand, has done, read the reports of explorer, missionary, captain and trader in these waters, and view the remnant, after beauty and honesty had been replaced by modernity and hypocrisy.

It was in clothing that the first insidious approach was made.

In this valley where I am now the only foreigner, with my word and example, life resumes for a time at least much of the old Marquesan way and appearance. The mission church, the first Christian edifice within a thousand miles of here, is fast rejecting the wilderness. Its walls are falling in decay, and its garden is but a jungle. The schoolmaster who taught Vaitahu's children to say, "La France est le plus bon pays du monde," is gone.

Existence is become almost as devoid of invention and divested of artificiality as before the white man came. I am able to rebuild in my mind the structure of Marquesan customs and to view in imagination the attractive aspect of Vaitahu and his idyllic days of old. We have brought out of the huts the native garments of tapa, and we live as much as possible a perspective of the past.

The Tahitians thought the whites who first arrived were gods, and when they found they were men, with their same passions, they thought they were ill. That is the first impression one who lives long with Polynesians has when he meets a group of whites. They look pale, sharp-faced and worried. We pay dear for factories and wheeled vehicles.—Frederick O'Brien in Century Magazine.

Locusts in Argentina.

A plague of locusts, like that which in ancient Egypt "covered the face of the earth," this year descended upon the province of Santa Fe, Argentina.

Similar offensives are almost annual events in one part or another of the country.

The locusts come suddenly and without warning. Where for a year or several years perhaps not one of the insects has been seen, a veritable cloud of them will one day appear and settle on the ground.

At first little damage is done, but as they progress through the country they bore holes into the earth, into which they deposit their eggs. Within a short time the larvae are hatched and come forth. At first these can not fly, and it is at this stage that they devour every living plant within their path, with the exception of a few species, such as willow trees. A little later the insects develop their wings and, leaving the country through which they have passed a desert, they disappear almost as suddenly as they came. Where they go to has never been discovered.

Orbison Congratulated.

In a burst of oratory—he himself admits it was good—Charles J. Orbison, federal prohibition director, closed his political campaigning the day before election at Kokomo.

"You can judge my work for the cause of democracy," says he, "when you consider that on the fateful Tuesday, Kokomo went Republican by its greatest Republican majority."

However, that is not the story Mr. Orbison tells regarding that day. He remembers the day by a bit of congratulation he received.

"An old man came to me when I got through speaking," says Mr. Orbison, "and he gripped my hand and shook it and said: 'That was fine, judge, that was fine. You are good, but after all you missed your calling. You should have been a circus clown.'"
—Indianapolis News.

The Difference.

Mr. H. G. Wells has no exalted opinion of the works of modern authors, judging from the following story. Some time ago a friend was talking to him about the good times that novelists of today have compared with those of the past.

"You modern writers do not work so hard," he said, "and you are paid twenty times as much as you ought to be."

Mr. Wells gently shook his head. "You labor under a misapprehension, my boy," he replied: "the chief difference between the old authors and those of today is simply this: They die and their works live; our works die and we live—as best we can!"

Getting Away With It.

"I bought a felt hat today and charged it to the firm," chortled the slick salesman.
"What as?" queried his interested companion.
"Overhead expenses."—American Legion Weekly.

DAIRY

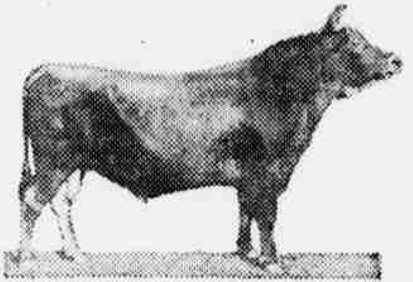
WORK OF BULL ASSOCIATION

Missouri Organization Doubled in Membership in Two Years Because of Its Usefulness.

Two years ago the United States Department of Agriculture and co-operating agencies organized a bull association in Webster county, Mo., with 31 members. Now there are twice that many members, due to the success and usefulness of the association.

Before the association was formed there were 18 bulls owned by the men who afterwards joined it. Upon the formation of the organization the number of bulls was reduced by two-thirds, because after the members had been arranged into blocks, it was found that six bulls were enough. These were much finer animals, however. Judging them by their money value, the new ones were three or four times as good as the ones they replaced, since the average investment per bull was \$75 before organization, and \$276 after.

Yet, owing to the smaller number of bulls needed under the co-operative arrangement, the cost per farmer was but little more. The members had on the average \$43.71 invested in their inferior bulls, while the superior bulls owned by the association cost each member only \$53.45. This \$10 increase of cost per member meant a \$200 increase of value in the individual bulls from which they now



Jersey Bull—A Sire Is "More Than Half the Herd."

have service—one thing which accounts for the doubling of the membership of the association after running two years. The value of the calf crop will probably show a very much greater increase.

FARMERS MIXING OWN FEEDS

Dairymen Dissatisfied With Commercial Materials Are Turning to Co-operative Buying.

"Farmers are almost universally dissatisfied with mixed commercial feeds and are depending more on making their own rations," says Henry McGough, chairman of the dairy committee of the Illinois Agricultural association. He adds: "They are all interested in the co-operative buying of mill feeds such as bran, cottonseed meal and gluten and at times when there is a shortage in roughages in the purchase of alfalfa hay."

Commercial mixed feeds ought to give more satisfactory results because the manufacturers with their improved machinery for mixing, large capital and ability to purchase feeds and grains in large quantities should be able to supply a satisfactory feed at a reasonable price. Oat hulls, weed seeds, chaff and cheap molasses do not make a nourishing or satisfactory feed and their extensive use by some mixers has brought these disparaging remarks from Mr. McGough.

SUCCESS IN DAIRY FARMING

Carelessness in Breeding and Calf Raising Is Sure to Result Disastrously to Herd.

Success in dairy farming depends to a great extent upon the careful rearing of the calves. Carelessness in breeding and calf raising is bound to result disastrously to a herd, or at least keep it at a standstill, as far as improvement is concerned. Without raising calves from which to replace discarded animals it is almost impossible to raise the average production of the herd. Purchasing cows for this purpose is a very unsatisfactory method. Cows placed on the market are almost certain to be of very ordinary grade, since a good cow whose value as a milk producer is known is not offered for sale at market price. Therefore, the dairy farmer should take every precaution in handling the young calves which are to be placed in the herd.

PRODUCTION OF DAIRY COW

Animal May Be Considered Profitable If She Yields 6,000 Pounds of Milk Each Year.

A cow may be considered profitable if she produces 6,000 pounds of milk or 200 pounds of butterfat per year. A good dairy cow should produce 8,000 pounds or more of milk or 400 pounds or more of butterfat.

BEST TYPE OF DAIRY COW

Must Be Capable of Producing Large Quantity of Milk and Butterfat Economically.

A dairy cow is one of distinct dairy type and dairy breed capable of producing a large quantity of milk and butterfat economically or at a profit, and to produce calves regularly as good or better than herself.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

Never attempt to relieve your baby with a remedy that you would use for yourself.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Finest Language.

The finest language is chiefly made up of unimposing words.—George Elliot.

Londoners Fond of Tea.

Something like 500,000 gallons of tea are consumed by Londoners every day.

Estate of Charles C. Goddard

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, having been appointed by the Honorable Probate Court for the District of Lamotte, Commissioners to receive, examine, and adjust the claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Charles C. Goddard, late of Hyde Park, in said district, deceased, and all claims exhibited in offset thereto, hereby give notice that we will meet for the purposes aforesaid at the Lamotte County National Bank in the town of Hyde Park, in said district, on the 5th day of March and 9th day of August next, from one o'clock p. m. until four o'clock p. m., on each of said days and that six months from the 9th day of February A. D. 1921, is the time limited by said Court for said creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated at Hyde Park, this 10th day of February, A. D. 1921.

H. A. NOYES,
D. H. SCRIBNER,
Commissioners.

22

Estate of Albert M. Whitcomb

State of Vermont—District of Lamotte, ss.
The Honorable Probate Court for the District of Lamotte, aforesaid:

To all persons interested in the estate of Albert M. Whitcomb, late of Morrisville, in said district deceased, GREETING:

At a Probate Court, held at Hyde Park, within and for said District, on the 23rd day of February, 1921, an instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Albert M. Whitcomb, late of Morrisville, in said District, deceased, was presented to the Court aforesaid, for Probate.

And it is ordered by said Court that the 15th day of March, 1921, at the Probate Office, in said Hyde Park, be assigned for proving said instrument; and that notice thereof be given to all persons concerned by publishing this order three weeks successively in the News and Citizen, a newspaper circulating in that vicinity, in said District, previous to the time appointed.

Therefore, you are hereby notified to appear before said Court, at the time and place aforesaid, and contest the probate of said Will, if you have cause.

Given under my hand at Hyde Park, in said District, this 23rd day of February, 1921.

NOYES G. WOOD, Judge.

Estate of Fred H. Bohanon

STATE OF VERMONT—District of Lamotte, ss.
The Honorable Probate Court for the District of Lamotte, aforesaid:

To the heirs and all persons interested in the Estate of Fred H. Bohanon, late of Hyde Park, in said District, deceased, GREETING:

WHEREAS, application hath been made to this court in writing by the Administrator praying for license and authority to sell all of real estate of said deceased, for the payment of debts and charges of administration, setting forth the amount of said debts, due from said deceased, the charges of administration, and the amount of personal estate and the situation of the real estate.

Whereupon, the said Court appointed and assigned the 7th day of March, 1921, at the Probate Office, in Hyde Park in said District, a hearing and decide upon said application and petition, and ordered public notice thereof to be given to all persons interested therein by publishing said order together with this notice and placing three weeks successively in the News and Citizen, a newspaper which circulates in the neighborhood of those persons interested in said estate, all of which publications shall be previous to the day assigned for hearing.

Therefore, you are hereby notified to appear before said Court, at the time and place assigned, then and there in said Court to make your objections to the granting of such license, if you see cause. Given under my hand at Hyde Park, in said District, this 12th day of February, 1921.

NOYES G. WOOD, Judge.

Estate of W. H. Nye

STATE OF VERMONT.
District of Lamotte, ss.
The Honorable Probate Court for the District of Lamotte, aforesaid:

To the heirs and all persons interested in the estate of W. H. Nye, late of Johnson, in said district, deceased, GREETING:

WHEREAS, application hath been made to this court in writing, by the Executrix praying for license and authority to sell all of the real estate of said deceased, in wit: Store dwelling house and barn, building on Main Street, next to store, House on east side of Railroad Street, House on west side of Railroad Street, land on west side of Railroad Street, land back of Cemetery, wood lot on French Hill, wood lot near W. F. Barrows' farm and pasture in village below town bridge.

Representing to said Court that it would be beneficial to the heirs and all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, to sell said real estate and convert the same into money.

And bringing into Court the consent and approbation in writing of all the heirs to said estate residing in this State, and setting forth the situation of the real estate.

Whereupon, the said Court appointed and assigned the 7th day of March, 1921.

At the Probate Office in Hyde Park, in said District, to hear and decide upon said application and petition, and ordered public notice thereof to be given to all persons interested therein, by publishing said order, together with the time and place of hearing, three weeks successively in the News and Citizen, a newspaper which circulates in the neighborhood of those persons interested in said estate, all of which publications shall be previous to the day assigned for hearing.

Therefore, you are hereby notified to appear before said Court, at the time and place assigned, then and there in said Court to make your objections to the granting of such license, if you see cause.

Given under my hand at Hyde Park, in said District, this 12th day of February, 1921.

NOYES G. WOOD, Judge.

If you want what you want when you want it—in the printing line—WE HAVE IT!

BUSINESS CARDS

DENTIST

Lloyd C. Robinson, D.D.S.

DENTAL X-RAY FACILITIES

Telephone 121-12. Morrisville, Vt.

OSCAR KAHN

Buy's Junk of All Kinds, and pays the Highest Market Prices. See him or call up on the phone. Telephone 35-11. MORRISVILLE, VT.

DR. A. A. MINOTT

DENTIST

Painless Method of extracting teeth. GREEN MOUNT INN, Stowe, Vermont.

DENTIST.

Dr. J. A. Robinson, Morrisville

Office Hours: 8 a. m. to 12:15 p. m.

Telephone: 101-12

Extracting using painless method or gas.

J. FRANK JACKSON, D. D. S.

Office in Drown Block, Portland St., Morrisville, Vt. Office hours 8:00 to 12:30, 1:30 to 6.

H. J. EDMUNDS

OPTOMETRIST AND JEWELER
Eyes Tested, Glasses Fitted
PORTLAND ST., MORRISVILLE, VT.

DR. A. J. BURBANK

VETERINARIAN

Telephone 24-13.
Morrisville, Vermont

Thrice-a-Week Edition

NEW YORK WORLD

1921 AND 1922

Practically a Daily at the Price of a Weekly. No other Newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price.

The next few years will be marked by important and historical changes in the life of the United States deeply interesting to every citizen. The Thrice-a-Week World which is the greatest example of tabloid journalism in America will give you all the news of it. It will keep you as thoroughly informed as a daily at five or six times the price. Besides, the news from Europe for a long time to come, will be of overwhelming interest, and we are deeply and vitally concerned in it. The Thrice-a-Week World will furnish you an accurate and comprehensive report of everything that happens.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and NEWS AND CITIZEN together for one year to our Vt. subscribers for \$2.55, to out-of-state subscribers for \$3.55.

The regular subscription price of the papers is \$5.00 in state and \$5.50 outside.

You Say You Can't Advertise?

That's what others have said and all of a sudden found some competitor was doing what they thought they couldn't do. And getting away with it.

Get the bulge on your competitors by telling your story in an attractive manner so it will be read. You'll get the results.

We Are Anxious to Help